



## STEVAL-MKI062V2 communication protocol

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### Introduction

The scope of this user manual is to present the communication protocol used between the STEVAL-MKI062V2 demonstration board (iNEMO™ V2) and the iNEMO SDK (software development kit). This communication protocol runs on a physical communication channel based on USB virtual COM, which represents the physical channel used in the communication between the STEVAL-MKI062V2 and the PC.

The first chapter explains the general frame format and main rules used in the protocol.

The second chapter explains all the frames used in the actual release of the embedded firmware and software development kit (SDK).

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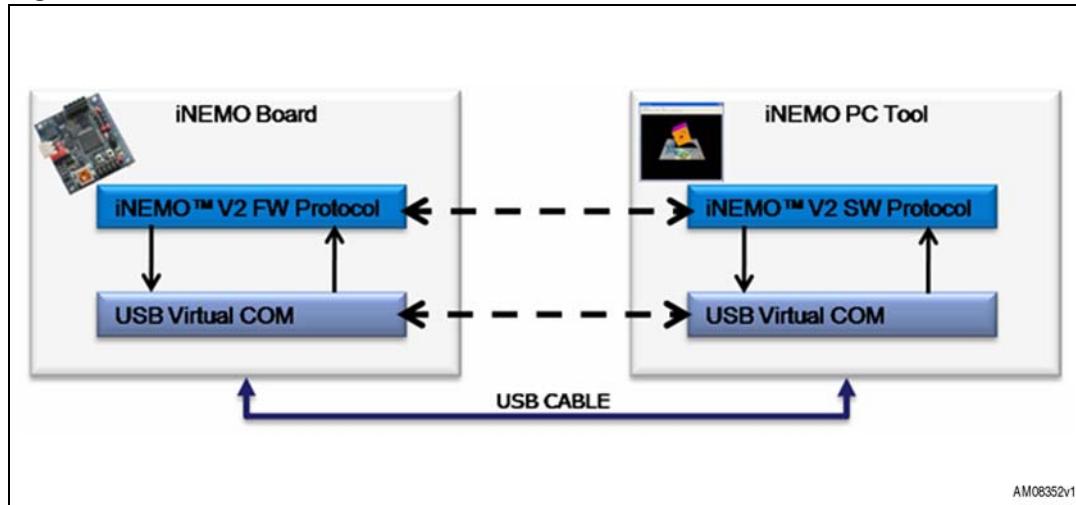
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# 1 General frame format and protocol rules

## 1.1 Frame format

This section explains the format of the frame used in the STEVAL-MKI062V2 communication protocol. The STEVAL-MKI062V2 exchanges data and commands with the PC GUI through a physical communication channel based on USB virtual COM. Each frame, described below, represents the payload of a USB frame.

**Figure 1. STEVAL-MKI062V2 communication architecture**



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The frames are described as a sequence of fields in a specific order. All frame formats are depicted in the order in which they are passed to the USB driver, from left to right. Bits within each field are numbered from  $k-1$  (leftmost and most significant) to 0 (rightmost and least significant), where the length of the field is  $k$  bits.

The frame format is composed of a header and an optional payload. The general frame is formatted as illustrated in [Figure 2](#). The header is composed of three mandatory (M) fields, each of which is 1 byte in length, while the payload is an optional field whose maximum length is 61 bytes. See LF/MF field in the following section to exceed this limit.

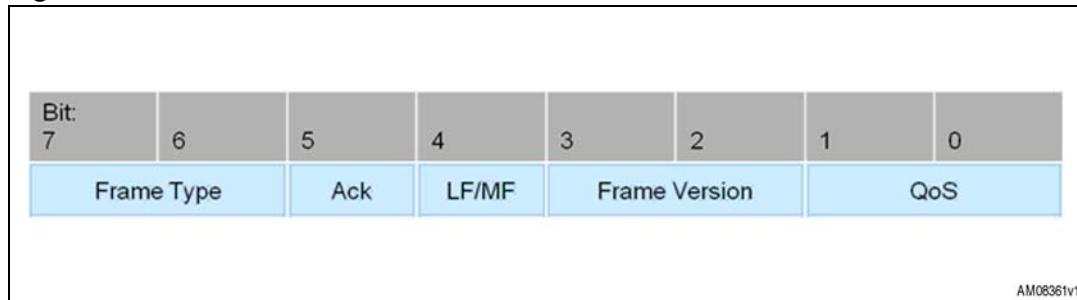
**Figure 2. General frame format**

Bytes: 1	1	1	$\leq 61$
Frame Control (M)	Length (M)	Message ID (M)	Payload (O)
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### 1.1.1 Frame control field

The frame control field is 1 byte in length and contains information defining the frame type and other control flags. The frame control field is formatted as illustrated in [Figure 3](#).

**Figure 3. Frame control field**



The frame type subfield is 2 bits in length and is set to one of the values listed in [Table 1](#).

**Table 1. Frame type list**

Value	Frame type
00	CONTROL
01	DATA
10	ACK
11	NACK

The ACK subfield is 1 bit in length and specifies whether an acknowledgement is required from the recipient on receipt of a DATA or CONTROL frame. If this field is set to one, the recipient sends an acknowledgment frame only if, upon reception, the frame passes all required levels of filtering. If this subfield is set to zero, the recipient device does not send an acknowledgment frame. It is possible to embed a payload in an acknowledgment frame (piggybacking) to send useful information to the transmitter and avoid further transactions. When the ACK field is set to one, and if, upon reception the frame doesn't pass the required level of filtering, the recipient sends a no-acknowledgment frame (NACK), whose payload is an error code (e.g. unsupported command, value out of range,...). In the ACK and/or NACK frames the ACK field is set to zero and ignored upon reception.

The LF/MF (last fragment / more fragment) subfield is 1 bit in length and it is used for fragmentation and reassembling. This field is set to zero to indicate a single frame or the last frame of a multiple-frame transaction. This field is set to 1 to indicate that other frames follow, all belonging to the same transaction. In the ACK and NACK frames (with or without payload) fragmentation is not supported and this subfield is set to zero in the transmission of ACK and NACK frames and ignored upon reception.

The frame version subfield is 2 bits in length and is set to “00” at this time. Values concerning future versions are “reserved for future use” (RFU) as listed in [Table 2](#).

**Table 2. Frame version list**

Value	Frame version
00	Version 1.0
01	
10	RFU
11	

The QoS (Quality of Service) subfield is 2 bits in length and is set to one of the values listed in [Table 3](#). This subfield allows the application to exchange and process data and control frames with different priorities.

**Table 3. QoS list**

Value	QoS
00	Normal priority
01	Medium priority
10	High priority
11	RFU

### 1.1.2 Length field

The length field is 1 byte in length and contains the number of bytes that follow. Admitted values are in the range 1 to 62.

### 1.1.3 Message ID field

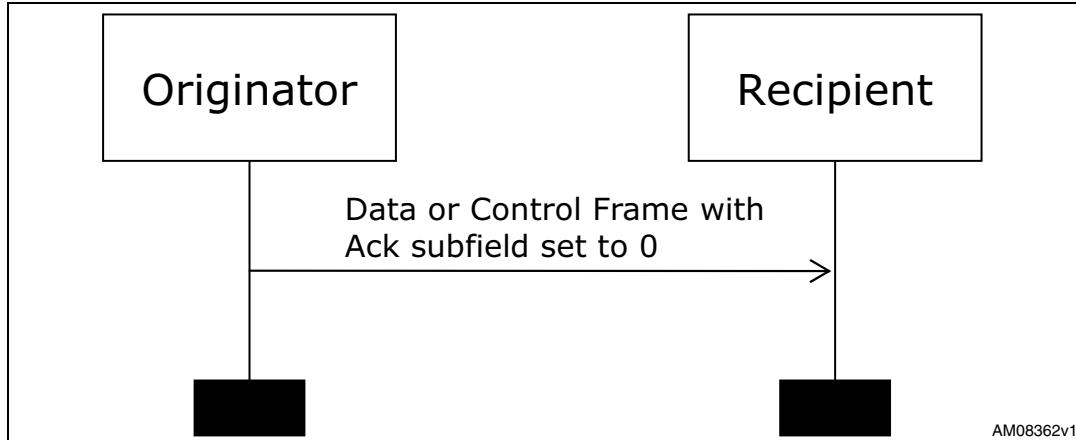
The message ID is 1 byte in length and contains an identifier of the user application messages. See [Section 2.2](#) and the following for further details.

## 1.2 Protocol rules

There are two types of transactions, according to whether the DATA or CONTROL frame is acknowledged or not.

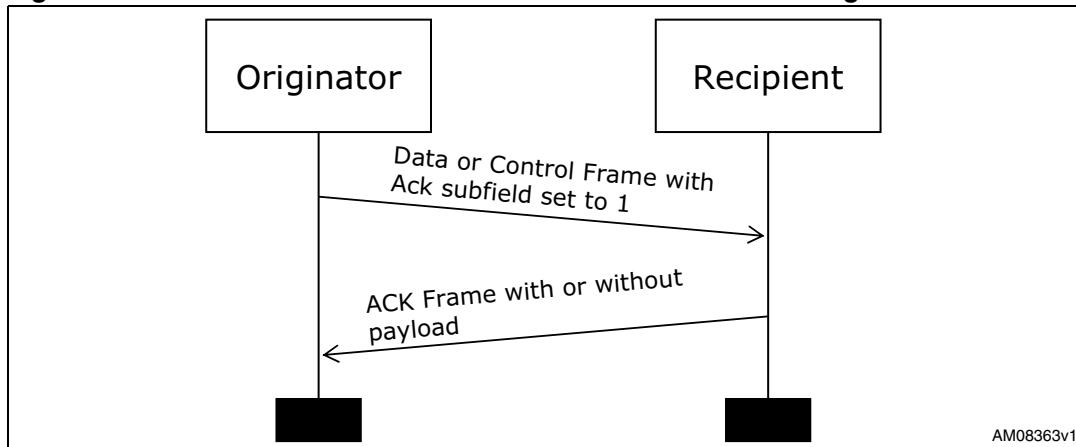
A DATA or CONTROL frame with the ACK subfield of its frame control field set to zero is not acknowledged by its intended recipient. The originating device (PC or iNEMO board) assumes that the transmission of the frame was successful. The message sequence chart in [Figure 4](#) shows the scenario for transmitting a single DATA or CONTROL frame from an originator to a recipient without requiring an acknowledgement.

**Figure 4. Data or control frame transmission without an acknowledgement**



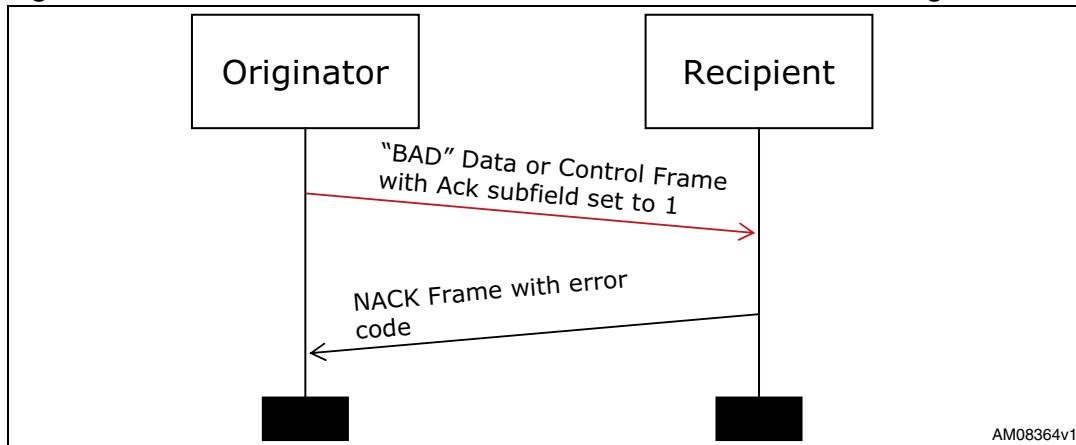
A DATA or CONTROL frame transmitted with the ACK subfield of its frame control field set to one is acknowledged by the recipient. If the intended recipient correctly receives the frame, it generates and sends an ACK frame containing the same message ID from the DATA or CONTROL frame that is being acknowledged. It is also possible to include a payload in the ACK frame to transfer useful data from the recipient to the originator. The message sequence chart in [Figure 5](#) shows the scenario for transmitting a single DATA or CONTROL frame from an originator to a recipient with an acknowledgement.

**Figure 5. Data or control frame transmission with an acknowledgement**



If the frame received does not pass all the required filtering rules, the recipient generates and sends a NACK frame containing the same message ID from the DATA or CONTROL frame that is being acknowledged and contains the error code. The message sequence chart in [Figure 6](#) shows the scenario for transmitting a single "bad" DATA or CONTROL frame from an originator to a recipient with a no-acknowledgement.

**Figure 6. "Bad" data or control frame transmission with no-acknowledgement**



## 2 STEVAL-MKI062V2 frames

### 2.1 STEVAL-MKI062V2 frame types

The frames used in the STEVAL-MKI062V2 are classified in four types:

1. Communication control frames
2. Board information frames
3. Sensor setting frames
4. Acquisition sensor data frames

### 2.2 Communication control frames

Communication control frames are frames originated by the software PC (SDK or GUI) and used to send specific commands to the iNEMO board. All the communication control frames are listed in [Table 4](#).

**Table 4. Communication control frames**

Commands	Frame type	Ack required	Message ID	QoS	Payload length (in bytes)	Payload	Originator
iNEMO_Connect	CONTROL	Y	0x00	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Connect_Response	ACK	N	0x00	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x00	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Disconnect	CONTROL	Y	0x01	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Disconnect_Response	ACK	N	0x01	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x01	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Reset_Board	CONTROL	Y	0x02	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Reset_Board_Response	ACK	N	0x02	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x02	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Enter_DFU_Mode	CONTROL	Y	0x03	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Enter_DFU_Mode_Response	ACK	N	0x03	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x03	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Trace	CONTROL	Y	0x07	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Trace_Response	ACK	N	0x07	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x07	N	1	Error code	

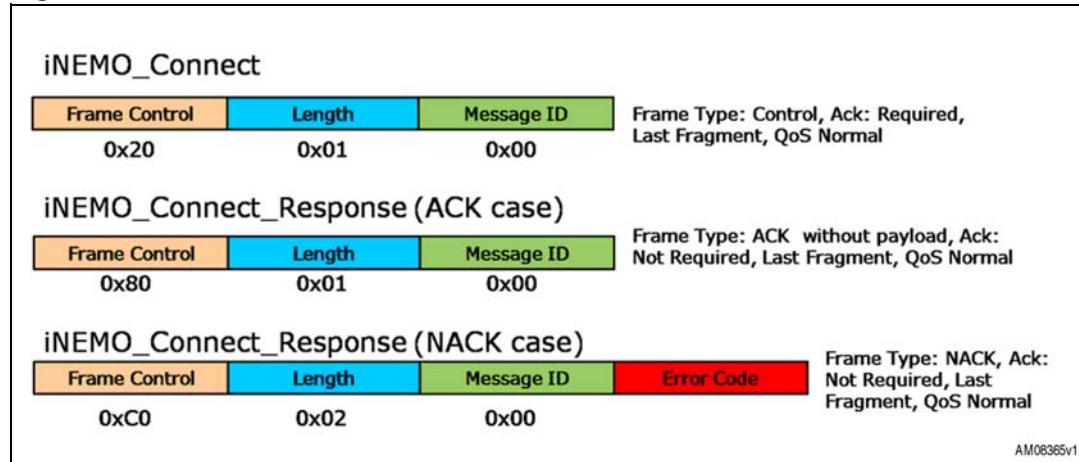
**Table 4. Communication control frames (continued)**

Commands	Frame type	Ack required	Message ID	QoS	Payload length (in bytes)	Payload	Originator
iNEMO_Trace_Data	DATA	N	0x07	M	Variable	String for debug purpose	
iNEMO_Led_Control	CONTROL	Y	0x08	N	1	0x00 OFF 0x01 ON	PC
iNEMO_Led_Control_Response	ACK	N	0x08	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x08	N	1	Error code	

### 2.2.1 iNEMO\_Connect

The iNEMO\_Connect command is the first command sent from the GUI or SDK to the iNEMO board. Any other command sent before the iNEMO\_Connect will not be processed by iNEMO. It works like a "ping" and opens the communication between the GUI or SDK and the iNEMO board at the application level.

*Figure 7* shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Connect transaction.

**Figure 7. iNEMO\_Connect frames**

## 2.2.2 iNEMO\_Disconnect

The iNEMO\_Disconnect command closes the communication between the PC and the iNEMO board. [Figure 8](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Disconnect transaction.

**Figure 8.** iNEMO\_Disconnect frames

<b>iNEMO_Disconnect</b>		
Frame Control	Length	Message ID
0x20	0x01	0x01
Frame Type: Control, Ack: Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal		
<b>iNEMO_Disconnect_Response (ACK case)</b>		
Frame Control	Length	Message ID
0x80	0x01	0x01
Frame Type: ACK without payload, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal		
<b>iNEMO_Connect_Response (NACK case)</b>		
Frame Control	Length	Message ID
0xC0	0x02	0x01
Frame Type: NACK, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal		
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The GUI (or SDK), after receiving the ACK frame, closes the USB Virtual Com. To re-open the communication, use only the iNEMO\_Connect command.

## 2.2.3 iNEMO\_Reset

The iNEMO\_Reset command initiates a software reset of the iNEMO board. After receiving the iNEMO\_Reset command, the iNEMO board replies with the ACK frame, then waits for 5 seconds before disconnecting the USB cable in the software and invokes a software reset. The GUI (or SDK), after receiving the ACK frame, closes the USB Virtual Com. To re-open the communication, use only the iNEMO\_Connect command.

[Figure 9](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Reset transaction.

**Figure 9.** iNEMO\_Reset frames

<b>iNEMO_Reset_Board</b>		
Frame Control	Length	Message ID
0x20	0x01	0x02
Frame Type: Control, Ack: Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal		
<b>iNEMO_Reset_Board_Response (ACK case)</b>		
Frame Control	Length	Message ID
0x80	0x01	0x02
Frame Type: ACK without payload, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal		
<b>iNEMO_Reset_Board_Response(NACK case)</b>		
Frame Control	Length	Message ID
0xC0	0x02	0x02
Frame Type: NACK, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal		
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## 2.2.4 iNEMO\_Enter\_DFU\_Mode

The iNEMO\_Enter\_DFU\_Mode command allows the iNEMO board to enter in DFU mode in the software mode. After receiving the iNEMO\_Enter\_DFU\_Mode command, the iNEMO board replies with an ACK frame. Then it sets the Option Byte Data0 (at address 0x1FFFF804) to one, disconnects the USB cable in the software and it invokes a software reset. After reset, iNEMO enters in DFU mode. After entering in DFU mode in the software, iNEMO changes the option byte Data0 to zero. The user can leave the DFU mode in two ways: un-plugging and plugging the USB cable (hardware mode), or using the Leave\_DFU\_Mode command available in the DfuSe demo PC application or in the GUI or SDK. The GUI (or SDK) closes the USB Virtual Com after receiving the ACK frame.

*Figure 10* shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Enter\_DFU\_Mode transaction.

**Figure 10. iNEMO\_Enter\_DFU\_Mode frames**

iNEMO_Enter_DFU_Mode			
Frame Control	Length	Message ID	Frame Type: Control, Ack: Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal
0x20	0x01	0x03	
iNEMO_Enter_DFU_Mode_Response (ACK case)			
Frame Control	Length	Message ID	Frame Type: ACK without payload, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal
0x80	0x01	0x03	
iNEMO_Enter_DFU_Mode_Response (NACK case)			
Frame Control	Length	Message ID	Error Code
0xC0	0x02	0x03	Frame Type: NACK, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal

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## 2.2.5 iNEMO\_Trace

The iNEMO\_Trace command allows the user to enable or disable "trace data". Trace data are used for debugging purposes and they are displayed as a string in a debug window. The frames are asynchronous and have medium priority (QoS sub-field of frame control field). *Figure 11* shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Trace transaction.

**Figure 11. iNEMO\_Trace frames**

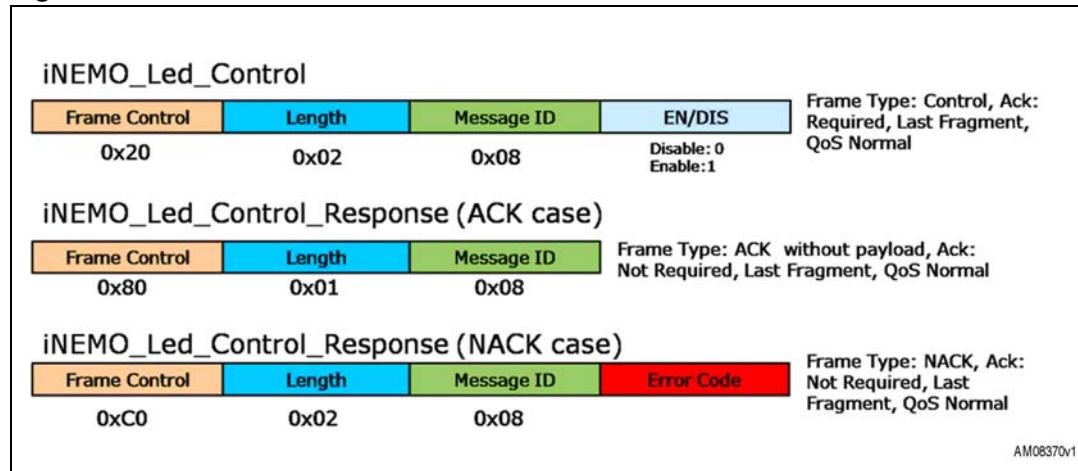
iNEMO_Trace				
Frame Control	Length	Message ID	EN/DIS	Frame Type: Control, Ack: Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal
0x20	0x02	0x07	Disable: 0 Enable: 1	
iNEMO_Trace_Response (ACK case)				
Frame Control	Length	Message ID		Frame Type: ACK without payload, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal
0x80	0x01	0x07		
iNEMO_Trace_Response (NACK case)				
Frame Control	Length	Message ID	Error Code	Frame Type: NACK, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Normal
0xC0	0x02	0x07		
iNEMO_Trace_Data				
Frame Control	Length	Message ID	Trace Data(String)	Frame Type: Data, Ack: Not Required, Last Fragment, QoS Medium
0x41	variable	0x07		

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## 2.2.6 iNEMO\_Led\_Control

The iNEMO\_Led\_Control command allows turning on or off the LED available on the iNEMO board. [Figure 12](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Led\_Control transaction.

**Figure 12. iNEMO\_Led\_Control frames**



## 2.3 Board information frames

Board information frames are frames originated by the software PC (SDK or GUI) and used to retrieve information about firmware or the hardware features of the iNEMO board. All the board information frames are listed in [Table 5](#).

**Table 5. Board information frames**

Commands	Frame type	Ack required	Message ID	QoS	Payload length (in bytes)	Payload	Originator
iNEMO_Get_Device_Mode	CONTROL	Y	0x10	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Get_Device_Mode_Response	ACK	N	0x10	N	1	0x00 sensor mode 0x01 master mode	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x10	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Get MCU_ID	CONTROL	Y	0x12	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Get MCU_ID_Response	ACK	N	0x12	N	12	Unique device ID	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x12	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Get_FW_Version	CONTROL	Y	0x13	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Get_FW_Version_Response	ACK	N	0x13	N	Variable	String firmware version	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x13	N	1	Error code	

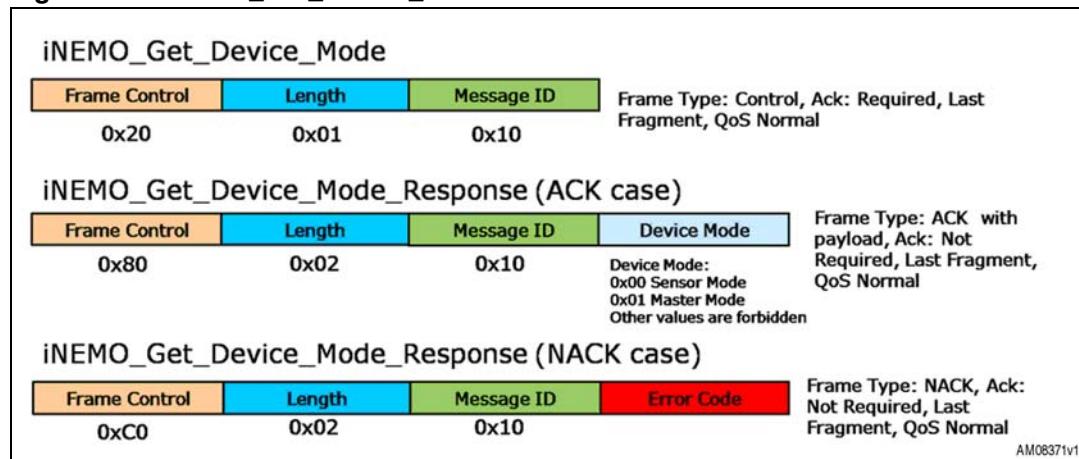
**Table 5. Board information frames (continued)**

Commands	Frame type	Ack required	Message ID	QoS	Payload length (in bytes)	Payload	Originator
iNEMO_Get_HW_Version	CONTROL	Y	0x14	N	0	Date, time	PC
iNEMO_Get_HW_Version_Response	ACK	N	0x14	N	Variable	String hardware version	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x14	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Identify	CONTROL	Y	0x15	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Identify_Response	ACK	N	0x15	N	12	Unique device ID	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x15	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Get_AHRS_Library	CONTROL	Y	0x17	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Get_AHRS_Library_Response	ACK	N	0x17	N	Variable	AHRS enable/disable string	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x17	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Get_Libraries	CONTROL	Y	0x18	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Get_Libraries_Response	ACK	N	0x18	N	0	List of supported libraries	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x18	N	1	Error code	

### 2.3.1 iNEMO\_Get\_Device\_Mode

The iNEMO\_Get\_Device\_Mode command allows knowing if the iNEMO board is working in master mode or in sensor mode. A device responding to be in master mode is responsible for managing a network of sensor nodes. It is physically connected to the PC and has the responsibility to retransmit commands coming from PC to the sensor node available in the network, as well as to retransmit data coming from sensor nodes available in the network to the PC. The default working model of iNEMO is sensor mode; master mode is not supported by iNEMO. *Figure 13* shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Get\_Device\_Mode transaction.

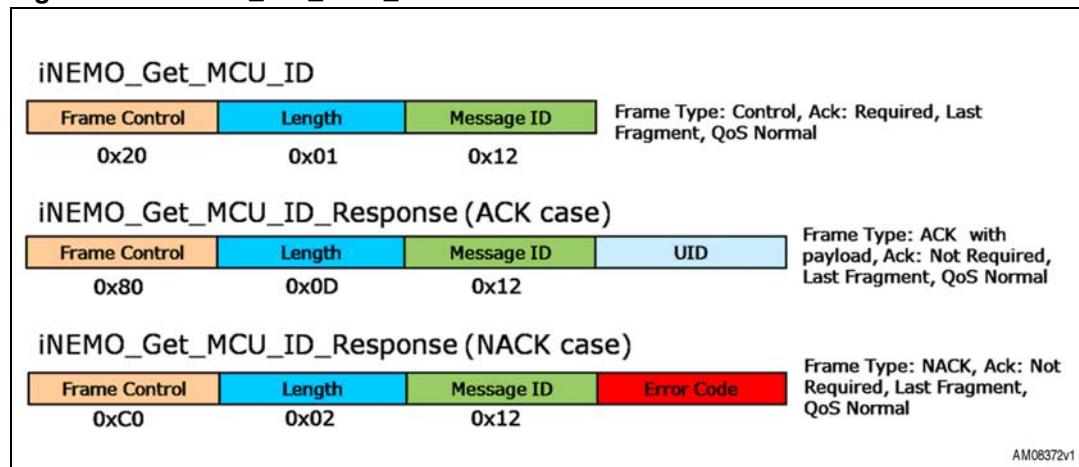
**Figure 13. iNEMO\_Get\_Device\_Mode frames**



### 2.3.2 iNEMO\_Get MCU\_ID

The iNEMO\_Get MCU\_ID command allows retrieving from the iNEMO board the 96-bit unique device identifier of the STM32F103RE microcontroller [see <http://www.st.com/stoneline/products/literature/rm/13902.pdf> for further details on this feature]. *Figure 14* shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Get MCU\_ID transaction.

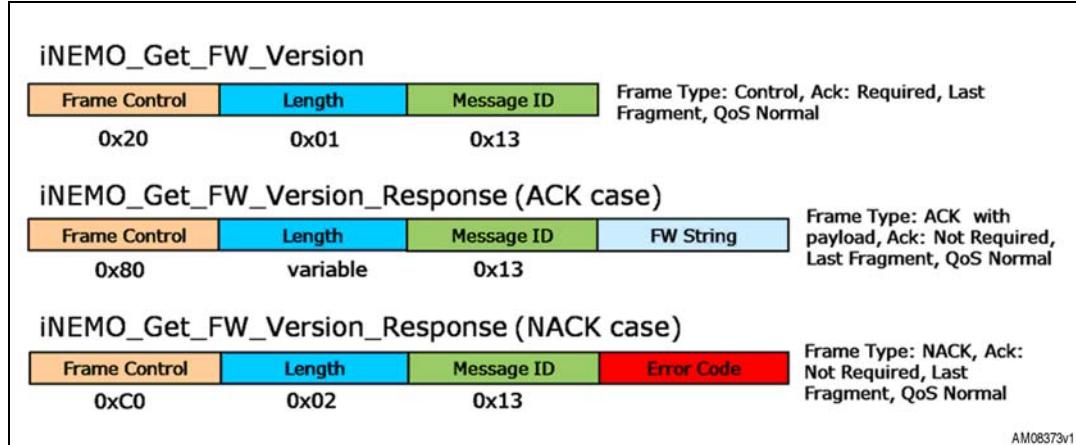
**Figure 14. iNEMO\_Get MCU\_ID frames**



### 2.3.3 iNEMO\_Get\_FW\_Version

The iNEMO\_Get\_FW\_Version command allows retrieving the iNEMO firmware version. [Figure 15](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Get\_FW\_Version transaction.

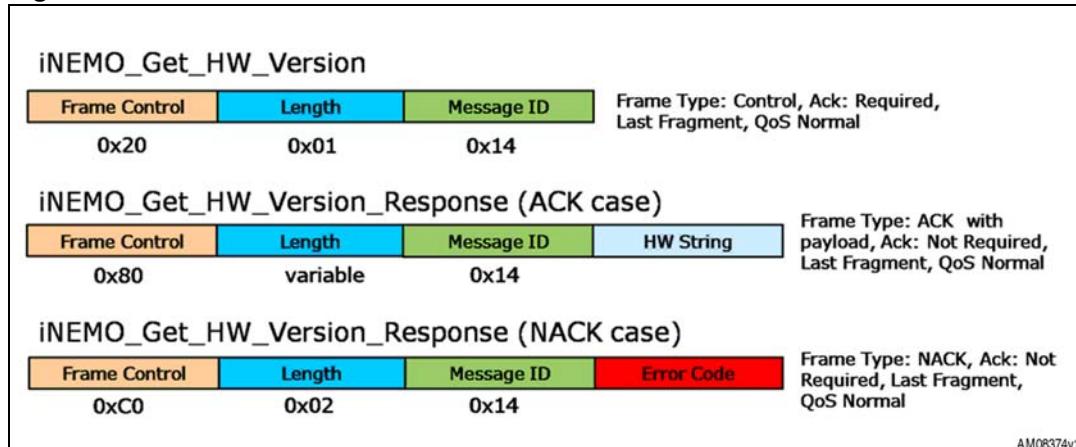
**Figure 15. iNEMO\_Get\_FW\_Version frames**



### 2.3.4 iNEMO\_Get\_HW\_Version

The iNEMO\_Get\_HW\_Version command allows retrieving the iNEMO hardware version. [Figure 16](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Get\_HW\_Version transaction.

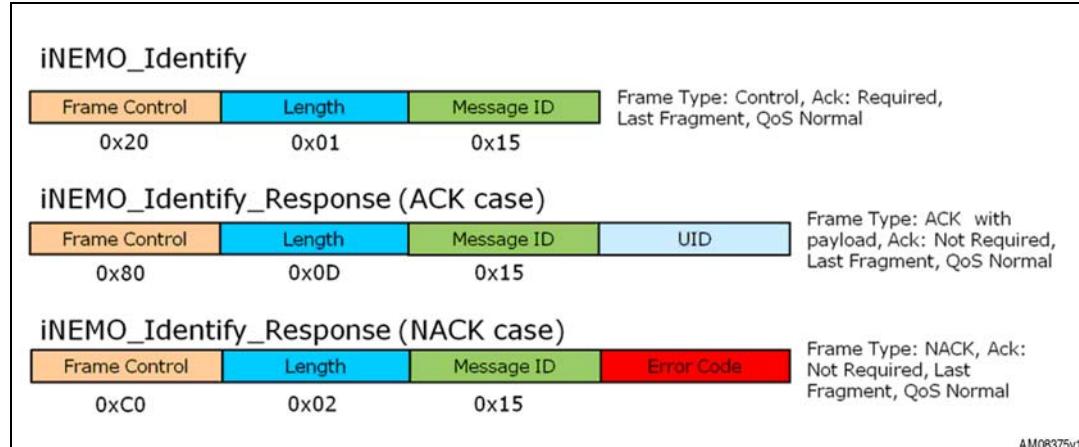
**Figure 16. iNEMO\_Get\_HW\_Version frames**



### 2.3.5 iNEMO\_Identify

The iNEMO\_Identify command can be used to identify an iNEMO board. Upon reception of the iNEMO\_Identify command, the iNEMO board replies with an ACK containing the MCU Unique Device ID. Then the LED available on the board blinks 3 times. [Figure 17](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Identify transaction.

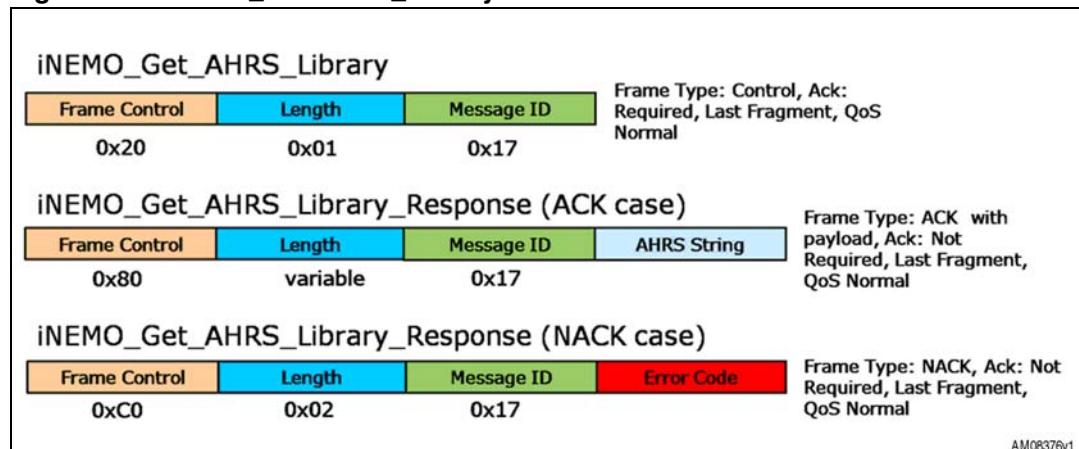
**Figure 17. iNEMO\_Identify frames**



### 2.3.6 iNEMO\_Get\_AHRS\_Library

The iNEMO\_Get\_AHRS\_Library command allows knowing the version of the iNEMO firmware attitude heading reference system (AHRS) algorithm. The returned value is in string format. [Figure 18](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Get\_AHRS\_Library transaction.

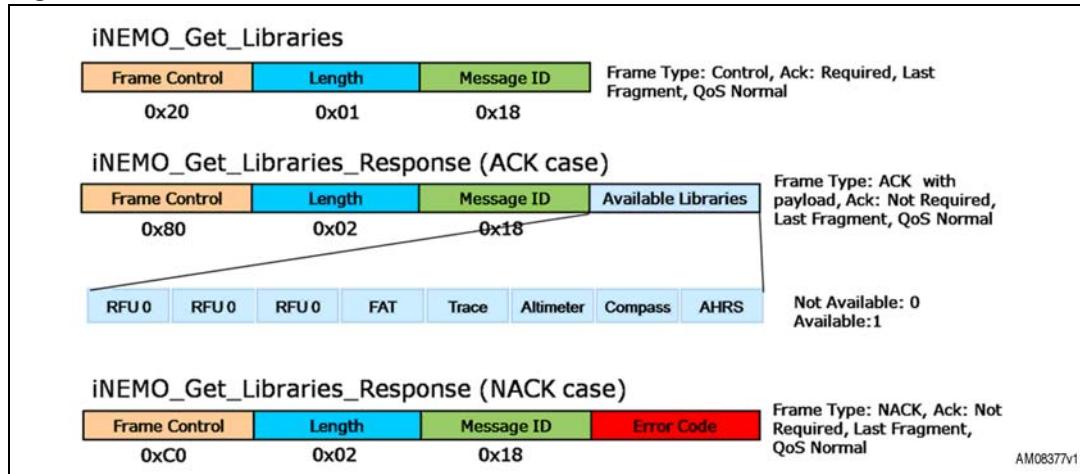
**Figure 18. iNEMO\_Get\_AHRS\_Library frames**



### 2.3.7 iNEMO\_Get\_Libraries

The iNEMO\_Get\_Libraries command allows knowing which specific libraries are supported by the iNEMO firmware. [Figure 19](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Get\_Libraries transaction.

**Figure 19. iNEMO\_Get\_Libraries frames**



## 2.4 Sensor setting frames

Sensor setting frames are frames originated by the software PC (SDK or GUI) and used to set sensor parameters or to retrieve information about them. All the sensor setting frames are listed in [Table 6](#).

**Table 6. Sensor setting frames**

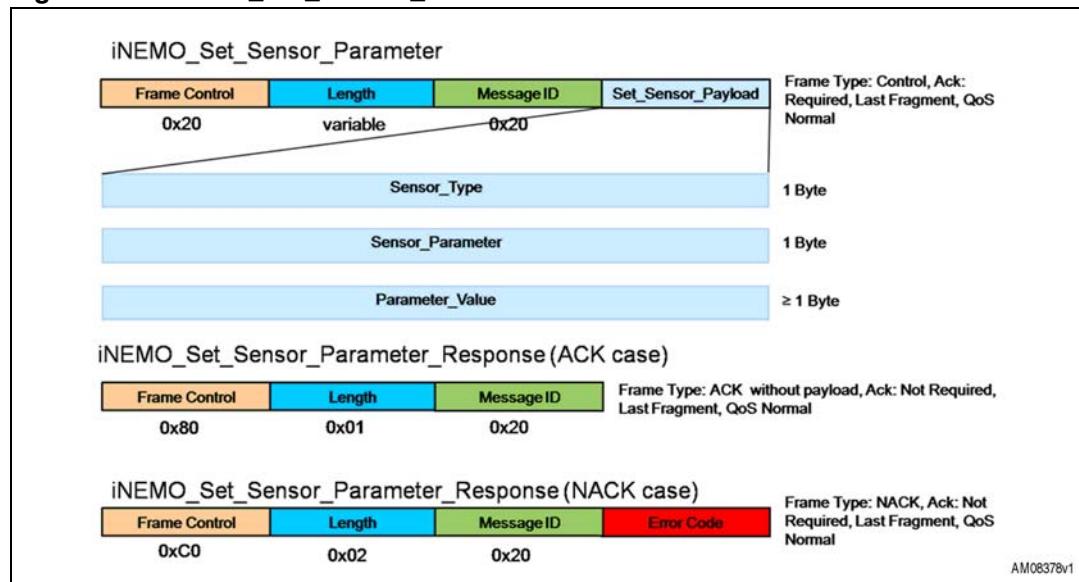
Commands	Frame type	Ack required	Message ID	QoS	Payload length (in bytes)	Payload	Originator
iNEMO_Set_Sensor_Parameter	CONTROL	Y	0x20	N	variable	Sensor_Type, Sensor_Parameter, Parameter_Value	PC
iNEMO_Set_Sensor_Parameter_Response	ACK	N	0x20	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x20	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Get_Sensor_Parameter	CONTROL	Y	0x21	N	2	Sensor_Type, Sensor_Parameter	PC
iNEMO_Get_Sensor_Parameter_Response	ACK	N	0x21	N	variable	Sensor_Type, Sensor_Parameter, Parameter_Value	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x21	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Restore_Default_Parameter	CONTROL	Y	0x22	N	2	Sensor_Type, Sensor_Parameter	PC

**Table 6. Sensor setting frames (continued)**

Commands	Frame type	Ack required	Message ID	QoS	Payload length (in bytes)	Payload	Originator
iNEMO_Restore_Default_Parameter_Response	ACK	N	0x22	N	variable	Sensor_Type, Sensor_Parameter, Parameter_Value	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x22	N	1	Error code	

## 2.4.1 iNEMO\_Set\_Sensor\_Parameter

The iNEMO\_Set\_Sensor\_Parameter command allows setting a specific sensor parameter. [Figure 20](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Set\_Sensor\_Parameter transaction.

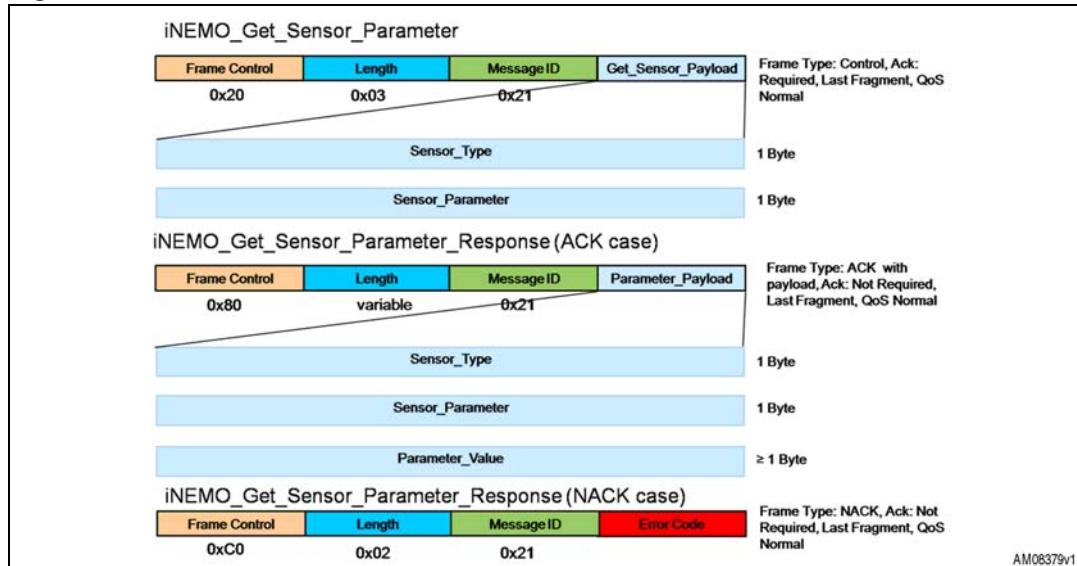
**Figure 20. iNEMO\_Set\_Sensor\_Parameter frames**

[Table 7](#) lists the type of sensor and value for the "Sensor\_Type" field.

## 2.4.2 iNEMO\_Get\_Sensor\_Parameter

The iNEMO\_Get\_Sensor\_Parameter command allows retrieving a specific sensor parameter from iNEMO. [Figure 21](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Get\_Sensor\_Parameter transaction.

**Figure 21. iNEMO\_Get\_Sensor\_Parameter frames**

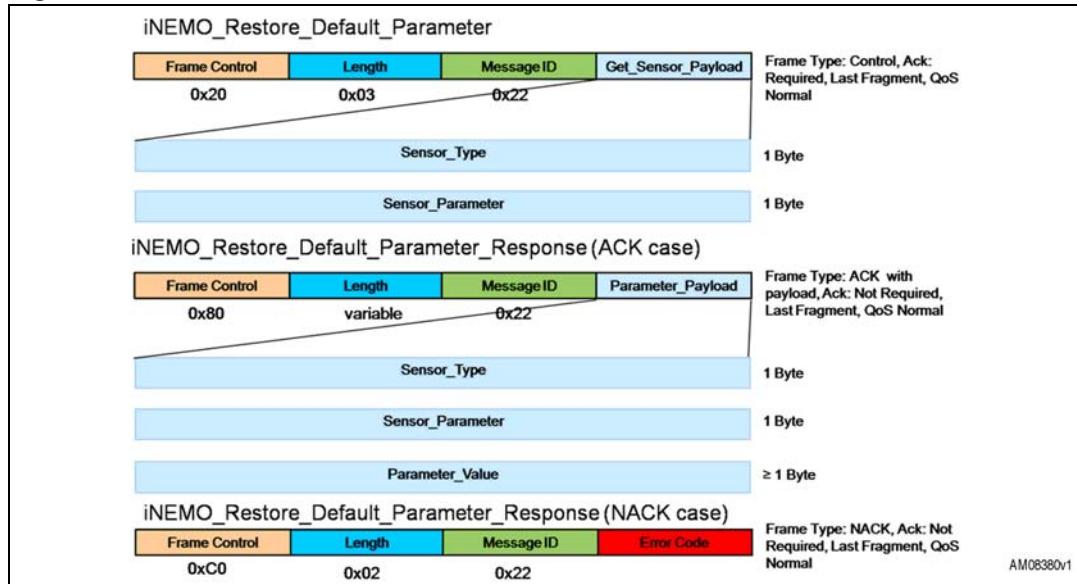


[Table 7](#) lists the type of sensor and value for the "Sensor\_Type" field.

## 2.4.3 iNEMO\_Restore\_Default\_Parameter

The iNEMO\_Restore\_Default\_Parameter command allows restoring a specific default sensor parameter. [Figure 22](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Restore\_Default\_Parameter transaction.

**Figure 22. iNEMO\_Restore\_Default\_Parameter frames**



*Table 7* lists the type of sensor and value for the "Sensor\_Type" field.

**Table 7. Sensor\_Type field**

Sensor_Type field	Sensor
0x00	3-axis accelerometer
0x01	3-axis magnetometer
0x02	2-axis gyroscope (pitch/roll)
0x03	1-axis gyroscope (Yaw)
0x04	Pressure
0x05	Temperature
0x06 – 0xFF	Reserved for future use

#### 2.4.4

#### Accelerometer “Sensor\_Parameter” field

*Table 8* lists the parameters of the accelerometer and the values of the “Sensor\_Parameter” field.

**Table 8. Accelerometer Sensor\_Parameter field**

Sensor_Parameter field	Parameter
0x00	Output data rate
0x01	Full scale
0x02	Acc_HPF
0x03	Offset_X
0x04	Offset_Y
0x05	Offset_Z
0x06 – 0xFF	Reserved for future use

#### 2.4.5

#### Accelerometer output data rate

The “Parameter\_Value” field for the output data rate setting is 1 byte in length. *Table 9* lists the supported output data rate for the accelerometer.

**Table 9. Accelerometer output data rate and fields**

“Parameter_Value” field for accelerometer ODR	Output data rate (Hz)
0x00	50
0x01	100
0x02	400
0x03	1000
0x04 – 0xFF	RFU

## 2.4.6 Accelerometer full scale

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the full scale setting is 1 byte in length. [Table 10](#) lists the supported full scale for the accelerometer.

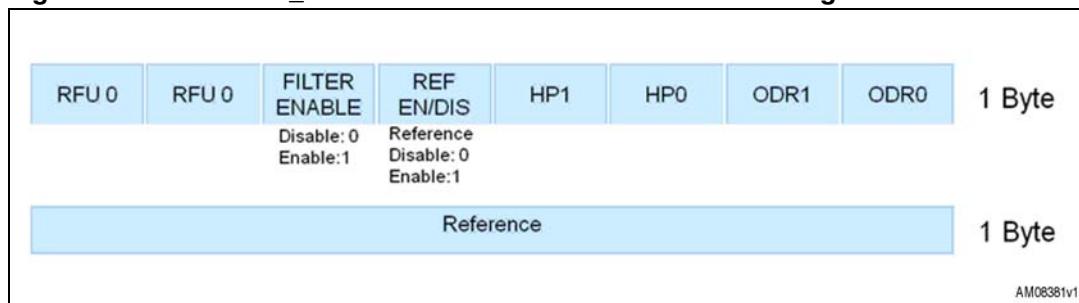
**Table 10. Accelerometer full scale and fields**

"Parameter_Value" field for accelerometer FS	Full scale (g)
0x00	$\pm 2 \text{ g}$
0x01	$\pm 4 \text{ g}$
0x03	$\pm 8 \text{ g}$
0x02, 0x04 – 0xFF	RFU

## 2.4.7 Accelerometer high-pass filter

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the high-pass filter setting is 2 bytes in length as shown in [Figure 23](#). [Table 11](#) indicates the possible cut-off frequencies.

**Figure 23. Parameter\_Value fields for accelerometer HPF setting**



**Table 11. Accelerometer high-pass filter setting**

HP1	HP0	$f_t[\text{HZ}] \text{ ODR} = 00$ data rate = 50 Hz	$f_t[\text{HZ}] \text{ ODR} = 01$ data rate = 100 Hz	$f_t[\text{HZ}] \text{ ODR} = 10$ data rate = 400 Hz	$f_t[\text{HZ}] \text{ ODR} = 11$ Data rate = 1000 Hz
0	0	1	2	8	20
0	1	0.5	1	4	10
1	0	0.25	0.5	2	5
1	1	0.125	0.25	1	2.5

For further details please refer to the LSM303DLH datasheet.

## 2.4.8 Accelerometer offset

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the offset (X, Y or Z axis) setting is 2 bytes in length and expressed in milli-g (thousandth of gravitational force) as signed short (16-bit), with the most significant byte first.

## 2.4.9 Magnetometer "Sensor\_Parameter" field

[Table 12](#) lists the values and parameters of the magnetometer "Sensor\_Parameter" field.

**Table 12. Magnetometer Sensor\_Parameter field**

Sensor_Parameter field	Parameter
0x00	Output data rate
0x01	Full scale
0x02	Operating mode
0x03	Offset_X
0x04	Offset_Y
0x05	Offset_Z
0x06 – 0xFF	RFU

## 2.4.10 Magnetometer output data rate

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the output data rate setting is 1 byte in length. [Table 13](#) lists the values and the supported output data rate for the magnetometer.

**Table 13. Magnetometer output data rate field**

"Parameter_Value" field for magnetometer ODR	Output data rate (Hz)
0x00	0.75
0x01	1.5
0x02	3
0x03	7.5
0x04	15
0x05	30
0x06	75
0x07 – 0xFF	RFU

## 2.4.11 Magnetometer full scale

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the full scale setting is 1 byte in length. [Table 14](#) lists the values and the supported full scale for the magnetometer.

**Table 14. Magnetometer full scale field**

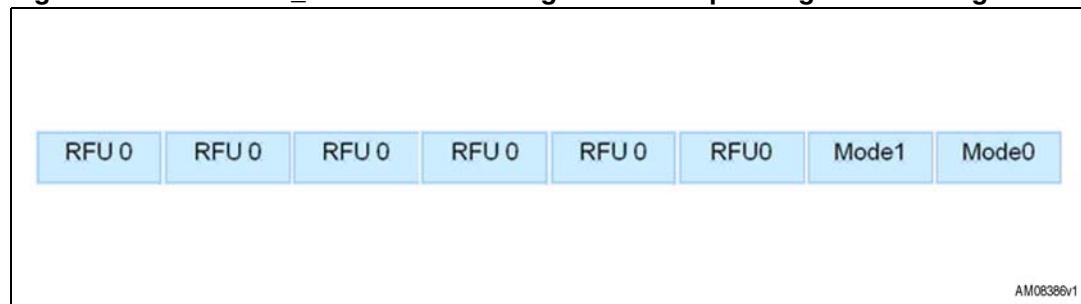
"Parameter_Value" field for magnetometer FS	Full scale (Gauss)
0x01	±1.3
0x02	±1.9
0x03	±2.5

**Table 14. Magnetometer full scale field (continued)**

“Parameter_Value” field for magnetometer FS	Full scale (Gauss)
0x04	±4.0
0x05	±4.7
0x06	±5.6
0x07	±8.1
0x00, 0x08 – 0xFF	RFU

#### 2.4.12 Magnetometer operating mode

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the operating mode setting is 1 byte in length as shown in [Figure 24](#). [Table 15](#) lists the possible magnetometer operating modes.

**Figure 24. Parameter\_Value fields for magnetometer operating mode setting****Table 15. Magnetometer operating mode setting**

Mode1	Mode0	Magnetic sensor operating mode
0	0	Normal
0	1	Positive bias
1	0	Negative bias
1	1	Forbidden

For further details please refer to the LSM303DLH datasheet.

#### 2.4.13 Magnetometer offset

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the offset (X, Y or Z axis) setting is 2 bytes in length and expressed in milli-Gauss (thousandth of Gauss) as signed short (16-bit), with the most significant byte first.

#### 2.4.14 2-axis gyroscope "Sensor\_Parameter" field

[Table 16](#) lists the values and parameters for the "Sensor\_Parameter" field for the 2-axis gyroscope (pitch/roll) sensor.

**Table 16.** 2-axis gyroscope (pitch/roll) Sensor\_Parameter field

Sensor_Parameter field	Parameter
0x00	Full scale
0x01	Offset X
0x02	Offset Y
0x03 – 0xFF	RFU

#### 2.4.15 2-axis gyroscope full scale

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the full scale setting is 1 byte in length. [Table 17](#) describes the supported full-scale for the 2-axis gyroscope available in the STEVAL-MKI062V2 (LPR430AL).

The full scale of the LPR430AL can be modified only in the hardware by changing the position of the R77 and R78 resistors of iNEMO V2 (for further details please refer to the related user manual UM0937). If the user changes the full scale of the LPR430AL, it also modifies the firmware library, changing the "Gyro\_Sensitivity\_x", "Gyro\_SensitivityLSB\_x" and "Gyro\_FS\_x" defined in the LPRYxxxAL.h file, where x should be P or R. For this reason the "Full\_Scale" parameter can be used only in the "iNEMO\_Get\_Sensor\_Parameter" command. It is not supported in the "iNEMO\_Set\_Sensor\_Parameter" and "iNEMO\_Restore\_Default\_Parameter" commands

**Table 17.** 2-axis gyroscope full scale field

"Parameter_Value" field for 2-axis gyroscope (pitch/roll) FS	Full scale (dps)
0x00 – 0x03	RFU
0x04	±300
0x05 – 0x07	RFU
0x08	±1200
0x09 – 0xFF	RFU

#### 2.4.16 2-axis gyroscope offset

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the offset (X or Y axis) setting is 2 bytes in length and expressed in dps (degree per second) as signed short (16-bit), with the most significant byte first.

#### 2.4.17 1-axis gyroscope "Sensor\_Parameter" field

[Table 18](#) lists the values and parameters for the "Sensor\_Parameter" field for the 1-axis gyroscope (Yaw) sensor.

**Table 18.** 1-axis gyroscope (yaw) Sensor\_Parameter field

Sensor_Parameter field	Parameter
0x00	Full scale
0x01	Offset Z
0x02 – 0xFF	RFU

#### 2.4.18 1-axis gyroscope full scale

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the full-scale setting is 1 byte in length. [Table 19](#) lists the values and the supported full scale for the 1-axis gyroscope available in STEVAL-MKI062V2 (LY330ALH).

The LY330ALH supports only one full scale ( $\pm 300$  dps). For this reason the "Full\_Scale" parameter can be used only in the "iNEMO\_Get\_Sensor\_Parameter" command. It is not supported in the "iNEMO\_Set\_Sensor\_Parameter" nor "iNEMO\_Restore\_Default\_Parameter" commands.

**Table 19.** 2-axis gyroscope full-scale field

"Parameter_Value" field for 1-axis gyroscope (yaw) FS	Full scale (dps)
0x00 – 0x03	Forbidden - RFU
0x04	$\pm 300$
0x05 – 0xFF	Forbidden - RFU

#### 2.4.19 1-axis gyroscope offset

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the offset (Z-axis) setting is 2 bytes in length and expressed in dps (degree per second) as signed short (16-bit), with the most significant byte first.

#### 2.4.20 Pressure "Sensor\_Parameter" field

[Table 20](#) lists the values and parameters for the "Sensor\_Parameter" field for the pressure sensor.

**Table 20.** Pressure Sensor\_Parameter field

Sensor_Parameter field	Parameter
0x00	Output data rate
0x01	Offset
0x02 – 0xFF	Forbidden - RFU

### 2.4.21 Pressure sensor output data rate

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the output data rate setting is 1 byte in length. [Table 21](#) lists the values and the supported output data rate for the pressure sensor.

**Table 21. Pressure sensor output data rate field**

"Parameter_Value" field for pressure sensor ODR	Output data rate (Hz)
0x01	7
0x03	12.5
0x00, 0x02, 0x04 – 0xFF	Forbidden - RFU

### 2.4.22 Pressure sensor offset

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the offset setting is 2 bytes in length and expressed in dmbar (tenth of millibar) as signed short (16-bit), with the most significant byte first.

### 2.4.23 Temperature "Sensor\_Parameter" field

[Table 22](#) lists the values and parameters for the "Sensor\_Parameter" field for the temperature sensor.

**Table 22. Temperature Sensor\_Parameter field**

Sensor_Parameter field	Parameter
0x00	Offset
0x01 – 0xFF	RFU

### 2.4.24 Temperature sensor offset

The "Parameter\_Value" field for the offset setting is 2 bytes in length and expressed in d°C (tenth of a degree Celsius) as signed short (16-bit), with the most significant byte first.

## 2.5 Acquisition sensor data frames

Acquisition sensor data frames can be:

- frames originated by the PC software (SDK or GUI) to set how to retrieve sensor data from iNEMO
- frames originated by iNEMO to send sensor data

Acquisition sensor data frames are listed in [Table 23](#).

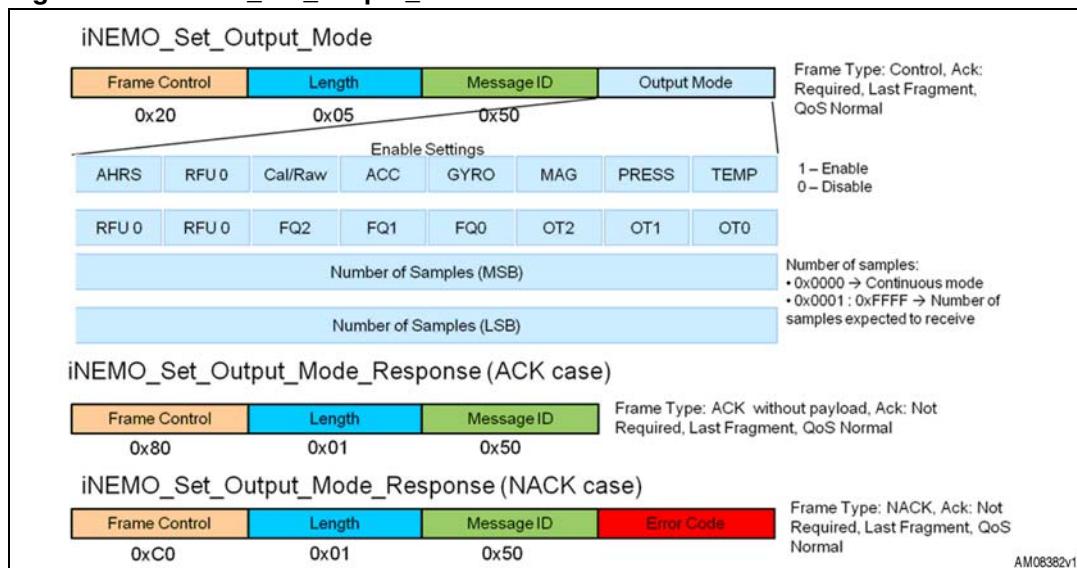
**Table 23. Acquisition sensor data frames**

Commands	Frame type	Ack required	Message ID	QoS	Payload length (in bytes)	Payload	Originator
iNEMO_Set_Output_Mode	CONTROL	Y	0x50	N	4	Sensors, acquisition frequency, output type, number of samples	PC
iNEMO_Set_Output_Mode _Response	ACK	N	0x50	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x50	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Get_Output_Mode	CONTROL	Y	0x51	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Get_Output_Mode _Response	ACK	N	0x51	N	4	Sensors, acquisition frequency, output type, number of samples	iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x51	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Start_Acquisition	CONTROL	Y	0x52	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Start_Acquisition _Response	ACK	N	0x52	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x52	N	1	Error code	
iNEMO_Acquisition_Data	DATA	N	0x52	N	variable	Sensor data	
iNEMO_Stop_Acquisition	CONTROL	Y	0x53	N	0		PC
iNEMO_Stop_Acquisition _Response	ACK	N	0x53	N	0		iNEMO
	NACK	N	0x53	N	1	Error code	

## 2.5.1 iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode

The iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode command allows setting which sensors shall be enabled, in which format the data sensor shall be sent from iNEMO to SDK, and other parameters. [Figure 25](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode transaction.

**Figure 25. iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode frames**



When the "AHRS" bit is set to "1", iNEMO runs the AHRS algorithm, and in the data frame it sends "AHRS" data (quaternion and roll, pitch, yaw angles).

The "Cal/Raw" field defines the output of the sensor data, see [Table 24](#).

**Table 24. Calibrated and raw fields**

Cal/raw field	Output data type
0	Calibrated data
1	Raw data [LSB]

The "ACC", "GYRO", "MAG", "PRESS" and "TEMP" fields are used to enable or disable the acquisition of the respective sensors.

The FQx fields are used to set the acquisition rate, see [Table 25](#).

**Table 25. Acquisition rate**

FQ2	FQ1	FQ0	Acquisition rate (Hz)
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	10
0	1	0	25
0	1	1	50
1	0	0	30

**Table 25. Acquisition rate (continued)**

FQ2	FQ1	FQ0	Acquisition rate (Hz)
1	0	1	100
1	1	0	400
1	1	1	RFU

The OTx fields are used to set the interface through which iNEMO sends the data. The only interface supported by the actual version of iNEMO is the USB interface, as shown in [Table 26](#).

**Table 26. Output interface**

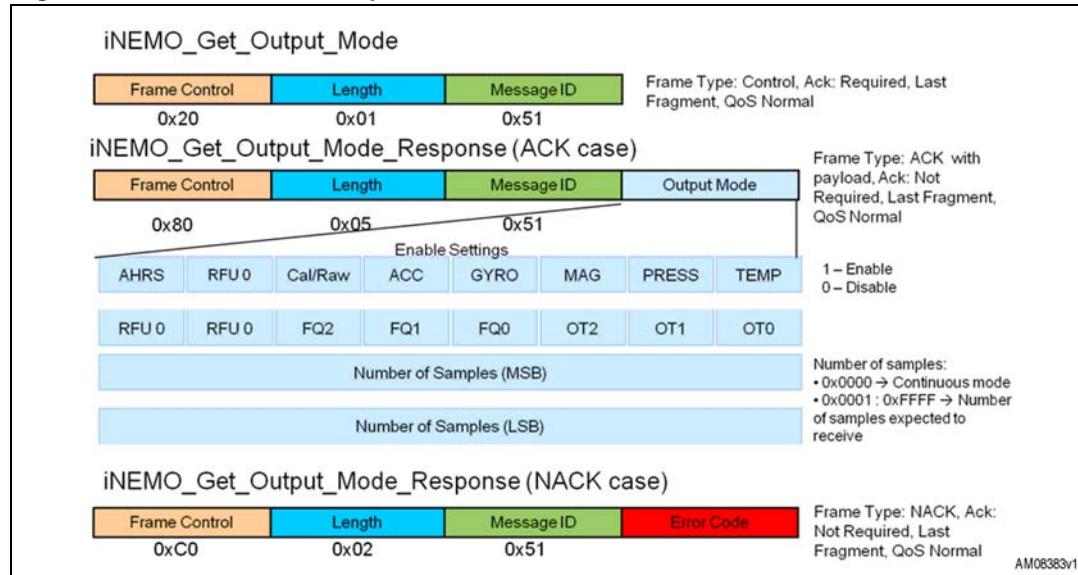
OT2	OT1	OT0	Output interface
0	0	0	USB
0	0	1	
0	1	0	
0	1	1	
1	0	0	
1	0	1	
1	1	0	
1	1	1	

The "Number of Samples" bytes specify how many sensor data samples shall be acquired. When set to zero (continuous mode), iNEMO acquires and sends sensor data to the PC until it receives the "INEMO\_Stop\_Acquisition" command.

## 2.5.2 iNEMO\_Get\_Output\_Mode

The iNEMO\_Get\_Output\_Mode command allows retrieving information from iNEMO about its acquisition settings. [Figure 26](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Get\_Output\_Mode transaction.

**Figure 26. iNEMO\_Get\_Output\_Mode frames**

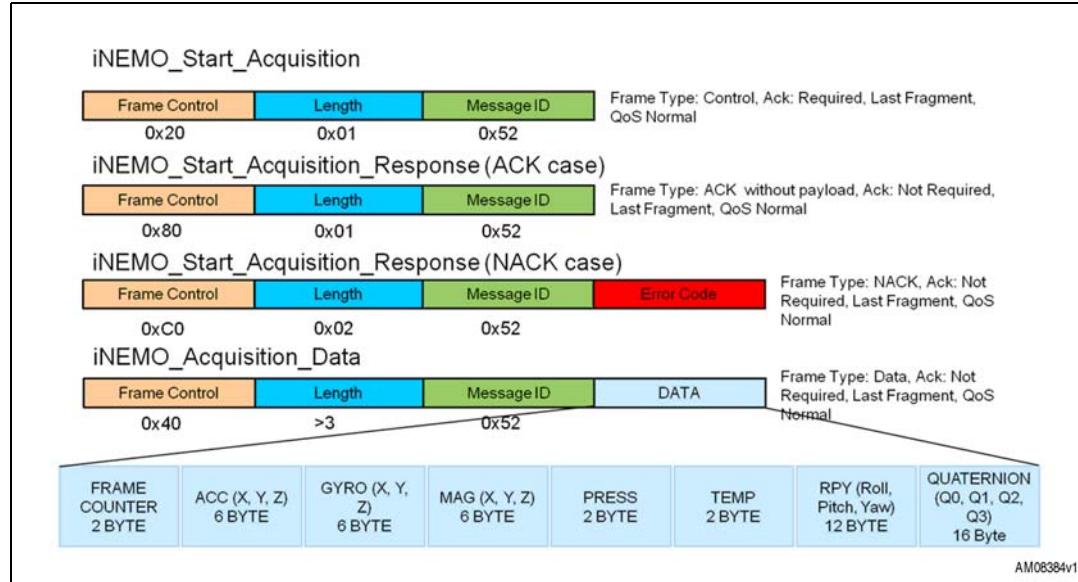


The "Output Mode" fields are described in [Section 2.5.1](#).

## 2.5.3 iNEMO\_Start\_Acquisition

The iNEMO\_Start\_Acquisition command allows starting to acquire sensor data according to the output settings. [Figure 27](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Start\_Acquisition transaction.

**Figure 27. iNEMO\_Start\_Acquisition frames**



The "Frame Counter" field is an unsigned short incremented every time new data is sent to the PC.

"ACC(X,Y,Z)" represents the accelerometer data field. This data field is available only if the accelerometer sensor has been enabled ("ACC" field in "iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode" frame is 1). If the "Raw" option is not enabled ("Raw" field in "iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode" frame is 0), each accelerometer axis value is expressed in mg (thousandth of gravitational force) in one of the possible ranges defined in [Table 10](#), as a signed short value (2 bytes). If the "Raw" option is enabled, each axis value represents the raw sensor data (LSB value).

"GYRO(X,Y,Z)" represents the gyroscope data field. This data field is available only if the gyroscope sensor has been enabled ("GYRO" field in "iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode" frame is 1). If the "Raw" option is not enabled, each gyroscope axis value is expressed in dps (degrees per second) in one of the possible ranges defined in [Table 17](#) and [Table 19](#), as a signed short value (2 bytes). If the "Raw" option is enabled, each axis represents the raw sensor data (LSB value).

"MAG(X,Y,Z)" represents the magnetometer data field. This data field is available only if the magnetometer sensor has been enabled ('MAG" field in "iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode" frame is 1). If the "Raw" option is not enabled, each magnetometer axis value is expressed in mG (thousandth of Gauss) in one of the possible ranges defined in [Table 14](#), as a signed short value (2 bytes). If the "Raw" option is enabled each axis value represents the raw sensor data (LSB value).

"PRESS" represents the pressure data field. This data field is available only if the pressure sensor has been enabled ("PRESS" field in "iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode" frame is 1). If the "Raw" option is not enabled, the pressure value is expressed in d-mbar (tenth of millibar) in the range [+3000 d-mbar to +11000 dmbar], as unsigned short value (2 bytes). If the "Raw" option is enabled, the pressure data field represents the raw sensor data (LSB value).

"TEMP" represents the temperature data field. This data field is available only if the temperature sensor has been enabled ("TEMP" field in "iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode" frame is 1). If the "Raw" option is not enabled, the temperature value is expressed in d°C (tenth of a degree Celsius) in the range [-550 d°C, + 1250 d°C], as a signed short value (2 bytes). If the "Raw" option is enabled, the temperature data field represents the raw sensor data (LSB value).

"RPY" represents the roll, pitch, yaw data field. This data field is available only if the "AHRS" option has been enabled ("AHRS" field in "iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode" frame is 1).

The Roll data is expressed as a floating point value (4 bytes) in the range  $\pm 180$  degrees.

The Pitch data is expressed as a floating point value (4 bytes) in the range  $\pm 90$  degrees.

The Yaw data is expressed as a floating point value (4 bytes) in the range  $\pm 180$  degrees.

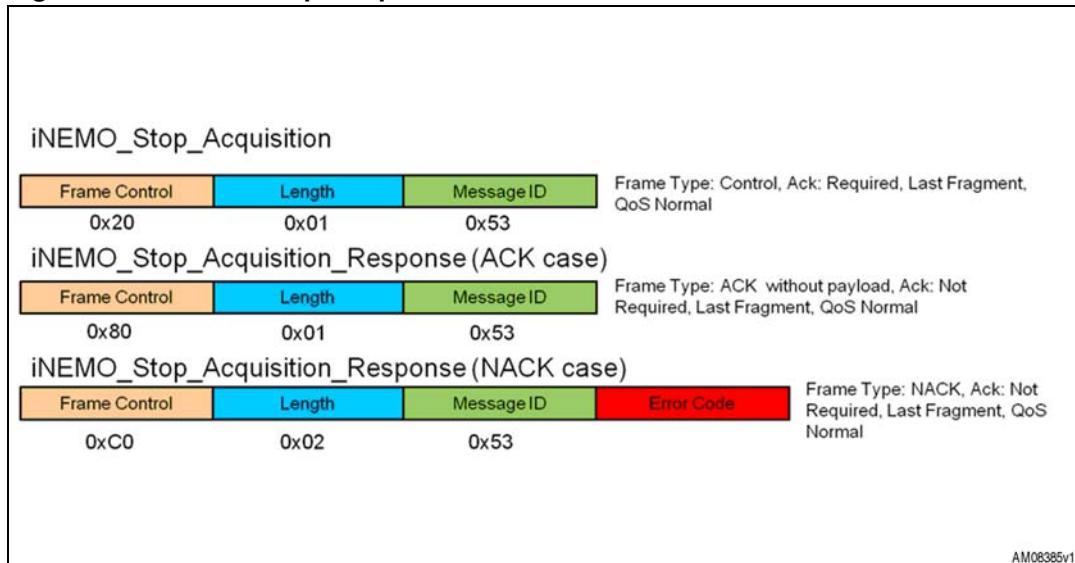
"Quaternion" represents the quaternion data field. This data field is available only if the "AHRS" option has been enabled ("AHRS" field in "iNEMO\_Set\_Output\_Mode" frame is 1). Each quaternion data is expressed as a floating point value (4 bytes) in the range  $\pm 1$ . The Q0 field represents the scalar part of the quaternion, while the Q1, Q2 and Q3 field represent the vector part of the quaternion.

During the acquisition and data transmission phase it is not possible to use commands that change the sensor settings or the output mode. The acquisition phase must be stopped before sending these commands.

## 2.5.4 iNEMO\_Stop\_Acquisition

The iNEMO\_Stop\_Acquisition command stops the acquisition and data transmission. [Figure 28](#) shows the frames involved in the iNEMO\_Stop\_Acquisition transaction.

**Figure 28. iNEMO\_Stop\_Acquisition frames**



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## 2.6 Error code

All the error codes used in the NACK frames are listed in [Table 27](#).

**Table 27. Error code field**

“Error Code” field	Error
0x01	Unsupported command
0x02	Value out of range
0x03	Not executable command
0x04	Wrong syntax
0x05	iNEMO not connected
0x06 – 0xFF	RFU

### 3 Revision history

**Table 28. Document revision history**

Date	Revision	Changes
23-Feb-2011	1	Initial release.

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